Andalusian Love Poems by Women

Mariam Bint Abu Ya'qub (d 1010)

What does one expect from a woman Of seventy seven made of cobwebs? She crawls like a baby to her stick, And stumbles, a convict in shackles.

Hafsa Bint al-Haj (d 1190)

I send my poems to call you, As they sing they'll please your ear. A garden waiting to be seen Floats its perfume on the air.

If you were not a star The world would be dark As I praise your beauty I look for your light. The garden didn't smile when we walked in its lanes But displayed green envy and yellow bile. The river didn't ripple with pleasure when we stood On its bank; and the dove cooed with dislike You mustn't think the world is lovely and kind Just because you are good. Look how the sky Switched on the stars to spy on our embrace

Wallada (d 1091)

Will this separation end so we can
Share our love? Last winter when I waited for you
To call, the coals of desire burned my skin.
You've been away so long. How do I feel?
I endure my worst fear: the night has passed
But the absence stays. Patience hasn't untied
The thongs of need. I hope rain blesses your land.

Translated by GBH Wightman and Abdullah al-Udhari, Associate Editor and Editor of TR, Poetry Journal, Vol.2, No. 1, 1979, London.

STUDY

Factors Affecting the Education and Employment of Women in the Arab World (1)

"Factors Affecting the Education and Employment of Women in the Arab World" is the title of a study written by Dr. Hassan Hammoud (2) under the auspices of the Institute for Women's Studies in the Arab World. The study is divided into two parts: The descriptive part aims at evaluating the extent to which Arab Women participate in the development process of their countries, whereas the field study aims at identifying the factors that affect the employment and education of these women. The countries reviewed are: Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Syria and Tunis.

According to Dr. Hammoud the major obstacle impeding women's participation in development is illiteracy which ranges from 50% to 76.6% in the countries studied. Moreover, what discourages Arab woman from participating in the work force

is the fact that her society in general wants her to be a "mother and a wife"; but if she has to work, it should be a "feminine" occupation.

Based on a sample of 300 taken from Kuwait, Jordan and Tunis, which included an equal number of working, non-working, single and married women, Dr. Hammoud found that age was a significant factor in women's decision to work or not. The younger a woman started work the more

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